

The GODAE High Resolution SST Long-Term Stewardship and Reanalysis Facility at the U.S. NODC



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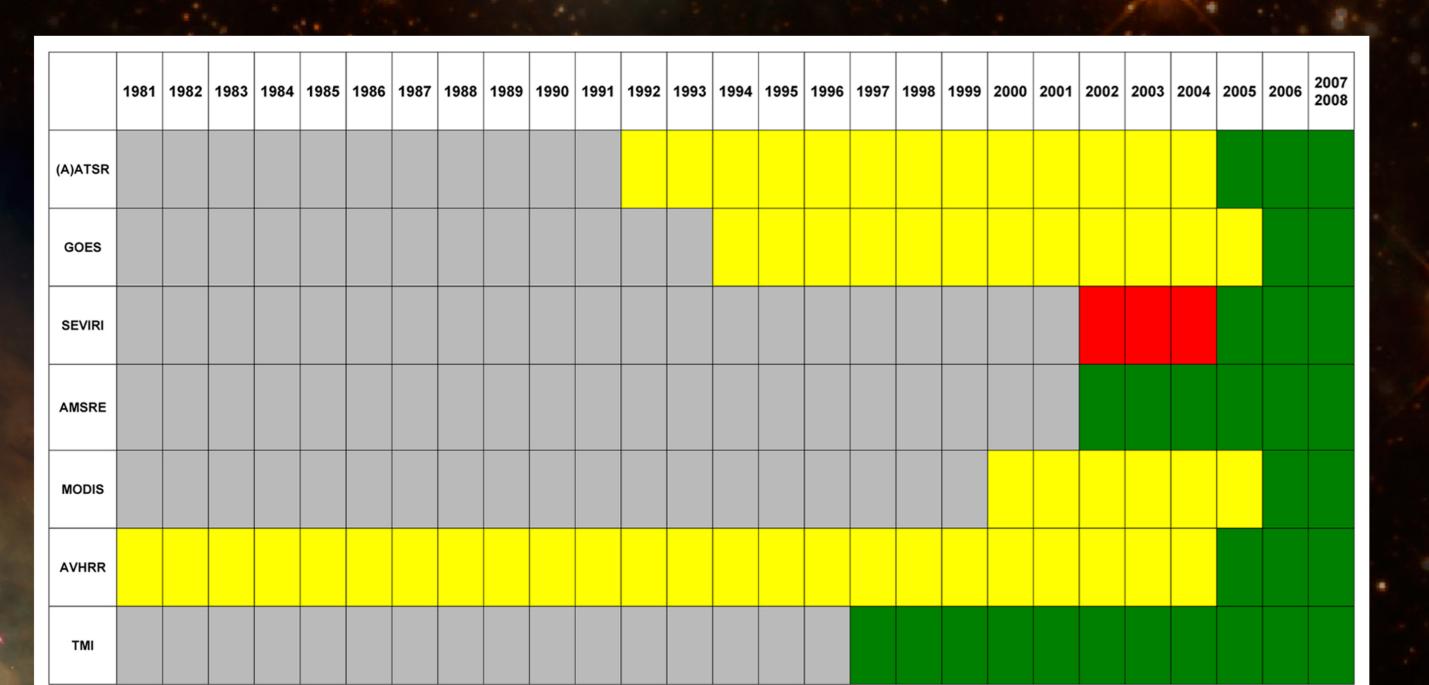
NOAA National Oceanographic Data Center, Silver Spring MD, 20910, U.S.A.

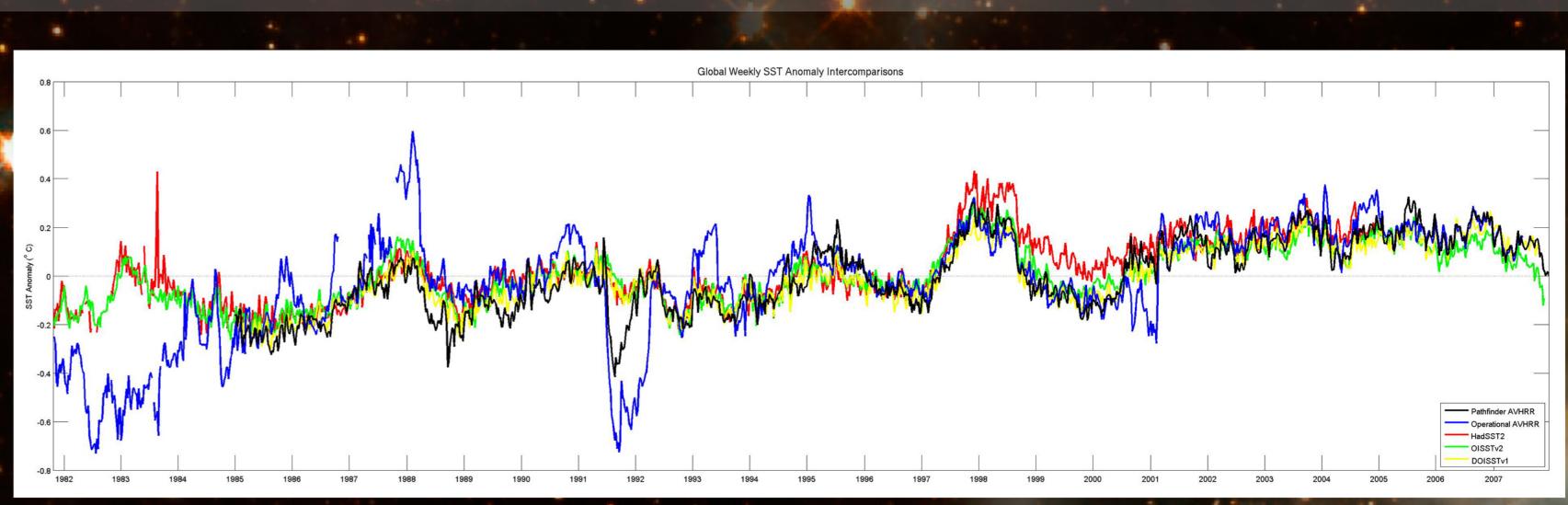
OSTIA L4 Analysis for 21 March 2007 (OSTIA data Crown Copyright 2007, UK Met Office)

lite sensors capable of observing SST. User accesses have also grown rapidly and extensive progress has been made in meeting the two primary goals of GHRSST reanalysis: to develop improved reanalysis climate data records for SST and to connect satellite-based SST analyses with the longer time series of ship-based SST reconstructions.

AVHRR-18 GAC

GOES-11





SEVIRI

AMSR-E

The Long Term Stewardship and Reanalysis Facility (LTSRF) at

NOAA's National Oceanographic Data Center (NODC) serves as

the perpetual archive and coordinating center for GODAE High

Resolution Sea Surface Temperature Pilot Project (GHRSST-PP)

operations in 2006. Since that time, automated archive opera-

tions have been successfully maintained with nearly 100% reli-

ability. Each day, approximately 1000 netCDF files and over 25

gigabytes are brought into the archive from a variety of satellite

sensors and data production systems. The archive has grown to

analyses and Level 2 Preprocessed (L2P) data for nearly all satel-

16 TB in 2008 and includes regional and global Level 4 (L4)

reanalysis activities. Discussions beginning in 2002 led to formal



AATSR

AVHRR-17 LAC

Sensor not in operation or capable of SST observations

No plans yet for GHRSST L2P

Efforts underway or proposed for GHRSST L2P

Data available in GHRSST L2 P